Red-Dead Conveyance: Balancing Peace and Sustainability
Policy Memo Description and Example

GUIDE TO WRITING A POLICY MEMO

A policy memo is a document that provides analysis and/or recommendations for a particular audience regarding a particular situation or problem. A well-written policy memo reflects attention to purpose; it is well organized; and it has a clear, concise style.

Your prose should be simple, clear, and easy to read; you will confuse, not impress, your readers with sophisticated vocabulary. Your reader should be able to describe your conclusions and the general arguments you used to reach them after only one reading of your memo.

Some tips on achieving an effective writing style:

(1) Choose the simplest words available to express your ideas. When discussing technical information, avoid the use of jargon—or at least define your terms clearly.

(2) Make your sentences “active”; avoid phrases such as “there are” or “it is.”

(3) Use one paragraph to develop one idea or argument. Make that idea or argument explicit within the first one or two sentences of the paragraph.

A Policy Memo should include (in this order):

Summary
What is the issue? • Why is a decision needed? • What key information is contained in this memorandum? • What course of action is recommended?

Background
Brief, essential points that explain how this issue has evolved or become a concern • What are the key issues to be addressed—one to three at most • What position(s) have others taken on these issues?

Options
What are the plausible courses of action, along with the pros and cons of each? • What are the approximate financial costs of each option? • What are the political risks and potential opposition that might result from choosing an option?

Recommendation
Your recommended course of action and why

The format of the memo should be as follows:
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(1) Memos must be formatted at Times 11-12 inch font, with one inch on all sides.

(2) Paragraphs should be single-spaced and should be separated by a double space.

(3) You may use any standard conventions for the layout of your memo, including numbering, bullets, indentation, etc. Do address the memo to your audience at the top of the page.

(4) Your memo should not exceed 4 pages.

See EXAMPLE on following pages.
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MEMORANDUM

TO: Dr. Jane Doe, President
Commission for Economic Sustainability

FROM: David R. Ortiz, Analyst

DATE: 7 October 1995

RE: Fuelwood management in Country Central

Introduction
The situation regarding fuelwood availability in Country Central is not yet at a crisis stage. Forests and arable land are readily available for use by the people. Deforestation is minimal compared to our neighboring counties. Yet economic conditions force the majority of the fuelwood to be collected illegally. I propose three major reforms to alleviate the problem of illegal fuelwood collection. First, we should offer individual communities small plots of forest for tenuring. Second, we should establish a network of regional fuelwood management offices to monitor the illegal trade of fuelwood, to encourage fuel efficiency, and to offer technical assistance for the sustainable use of tenured forests. Third, a system of forest plantations should be developed to ensure future fuelwood supplies.

Current land tenure situation in Country Central
Residents will continue to collect fuelwood illegally until they are otherwise guaranteed a supply. Land tenure offers the beneficiaries a direct reimbursement for their efforts. A number of key points support a system of land tenure:

(1) The rural population does not have a financial means to purchase land at this time. Foreign ownership as well as ownership by the wealthy of Country Central could lead to limited access to forests for the poor. This misallocation of forest resources could have long term economic effects.

(2) Land ownership means power. With recent government changes, we cannot afford to unleash this power to the people at this time. Actual ownership of the land should remain in the hands of the government.

(3) A system of tenure allows for better government regulation over changes in the forest resource base. Regulation of private forest lands with our limited work force would be impossible.

In lieu of efficiency concerns, a system of community tenured regions would better accommodate current circumstances. The state forest should be divided into regions, each village or community having an assigned region. The concept of a community region is more realistic than individual tenure due to the unmanageable number of technicalities which would be encountered. Ecological impacts are location specific. These regions should be monitored by regional fuelwood management offices.

Regional fuelwood management offices

Management of the harvests of fuelwood will require local regulation. Your proposal should include the establishment of regional fuelwood management offices to facilitate the transition.
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from an illegal market to legal and organized cooperation. The regional offices will have the following roles:

1. Report and regulate the flow of illegal fuelwood to the central government office so that regulations can be modified for improved efficiency.

2. Instruct villagers on maximizing use of fuelwood products by encouraging use of efficient stoves and kilns.

3. Instruct villagers on proper forest management for long-term goals of sustainability. This instruction could also include the role of proper management in erosion control and watershed protection.

The regional fuelwood management offices should include a number of representative groups. Involvement of the local community is a requirement for success. Local farmers and leaders know the region, its customs and its people. In addition, an administrator from our government should be available to act as a liaison and to provide a political update on the situation. Some technical expertise will be required.

Future issues

Our government must plan for the future energy needs of County Central. The World Bank has proposed a hydroelectric power plant which would supply one quarter of current energy needs. This project should be carefully assessed. Special consideration should be given to ecological impacts of building the plant, dependence upon foreign technical expertise, and implications for the debt situation. I am skeptical of its success because of the history of failures of these types of development efforts.

Alternatively, our east coast has tremendous excess of arable land which can be developed for forest energy. Long-term planning should maximize use of this land by developing forest plantations. Coupled with these long-term plans for forest plantations should be a program for infrastructure changes which can assist in transporting the fuelwood to villages throughout the county.

Implementation

The creation of regional fuelwood management offices and the allocation of forest regions will require some time. Due to the lack of other available energy sources, it is recommended that residents be permitted to continue collecting fuelwood as previously practiced until the fuelwood management program is implemented.

Implementation of these reforms can only take place with your assistance in quality legislation. Outlined above are three major reforms to improving fuelwood management in County Central: development of a community land tenure program, establishment of regional fuelwood management offices, and development of forest plantations along the east coast. These reforms offer the most viable solutions to fuelwood management.